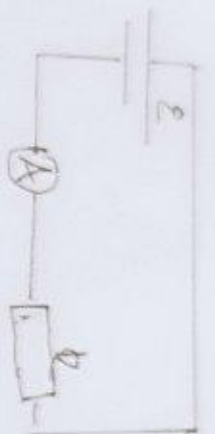


Ans.

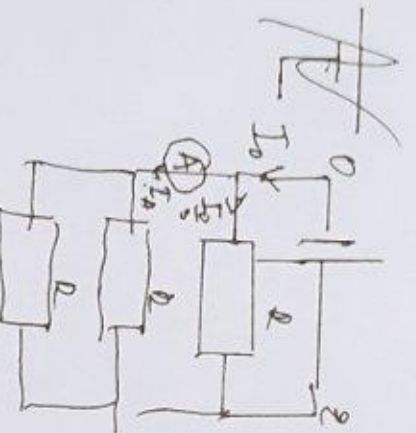
(1) He gave.



$$I_{A1} = \frac{\varepsilon}{R} = 8A$$

✗

(2) Banking:



$$I_A = I_0 - \frac{I_0}{3} = \frac{2I_0}{3}$$

$$R_0 = \frac{R}{3} \Rightarrow I_0 = \frac{\varepsilon \cdot 3}{R}$$

$$I_A = \frac{2I_0 \cdot 3}{3R} = \frac{2\varepsilon}{R} = 16A$$

Or by: $I_{A1} = 8A$
 $I_{A2} = 16A$

Given:
 $\varepsilon = 24V$
 $R = 30\Omega$
 $I_A = ?$
 $I_{A2} = ?$

22

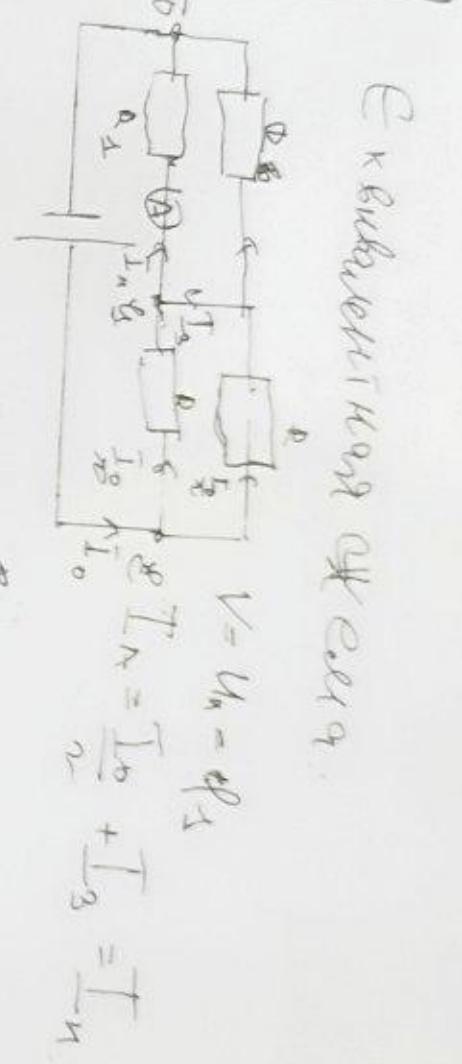
Given:

$$E = 30 \text{ V}$$

$$R = 30 \Omega$$

$$V = ?$$

$$I_A = ?$$



$$V = U_1 = U_3$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = I_3 = I_4$$

$$E - U = I_0 R$$

$$I_1 = (I_0 - I_3) R = \left(\frac{I_0}{2} + I_3 \right) R$$

$$2I_4 = I_0 + 2I_3$$

$$I_3 = \frac{2I_4}{3}$$

$$I_0 - I_3 = \frac{E}{R} - \frac{I_0}{2} + I_3 = I_0 \frac{1}{2} + I_3 = \frac{I_0}{2} R$$

$$U_1 = I_4 R - 2I_3 R$$

$$U_1 = I_4 + \frac{2E}{3} - \frac{4}{3} I_4 R$$

$$U_1 = 10I_4 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$U_1 = 10 \text{ V}$$

$$I_4 = 1 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{Answer: } V = 10 \text{ V}$$

$$I_4 = 1 \text{ A}$$

Заг. 5.

l_0 - потенциал на метал.

$$\frac{h\nu}{A} = A_{\text{вых}} + e\phi_0$$

$$\phi_0 = \frac{kq_{\text{ш}}}{R^2}$$

$$\frac{h\nu}{A} = A_{\text{вых}} + e \cdot \frac{kq_{\text{ш}}}{R^2}$$

$$\frac{kq_{\text{ш}}q_k + \frac{m\nu_0^2}{2}}{L_0} = \frac{kq_{\text{ш}}q_k}{L_{\text{min}}}$$

$$q_{\text{ш}} = \left(\frac{kq_k - kq_k}{L_0 L_{\text{min}}} \right) = -\frac{m\nu_0^2}{2}$$

$$kq_{\text{ш}}q_k \left(\frac{1}{L_{\text{min}}} - \frac{1}{L_0} \right) = \frac{m\nu_0^2}{2}$$

$$q_{\text{ш}} = \frac{\frac{m\nu_0^2}{2} L_{\text{min}} L_0}{2kq_k(L_0 - L_{\text{min}})}$$

$$A_{\text{вых}} = \frac{h\nu}{A} - e \cdot kq \cdot \frac{m\nu_0^2 L_{\text{min}} L_0}{2kq_k(L_0 - L_{\text{min}}) R^2} =$$

$$= \frac{hc}{A} - \frac{e m \nu_0^2 L_{\text{min}} L_0}{2q_k(L_0 - L_{\text{min}}) R^2} = 2,6 \cdot 10^{-13} \text{ Дж} =$$

$$= 1,625 \text{ эВ}$$

Ответ: $A_{\text{вых}} = 1,625 \text{ эВ}$.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} R = 1 \text{ мм} \\ h = 450 \text{ нм} \\ m = 5 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ тг} \\ V_0 = 0,5 \text{ М/с} \\ L_0 \ll 0,2 \text{ м} \\ L_{\text{min}} = 2 \text{ мм} \\ q = 10^{-8} \text{ Кл} \\ A_k = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

111

Дано: $r = 0,1 \text{ м}$

$$\Delta L_0 = \frac{1}{\gamma} L_0$$

$$Q_1 = 2 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ м}$$

$$q = -4 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Кл}$$

$$m = 90 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$V_0 = 10 \text{ м/с}$$

$$L_0 = 0,5 \text{ м}$$

$$U_2 = ?$$

Самый важный пункт

то есть сам пункт

то есть $E = \sum E_i + \sum \dots$

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Самый важный пункт

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Самый важный пункт

$$L_0 = \frac{k Q_1 Q_2}{(L_0^2 + R^2)}$$

то есть $L_0 = \frac{k Q_1 Q_2}{(L_0^2 + R^2)}$

$$\Delta q = \frac{2 \pi Q_1 Q_2}{R^2}$$

$$L_0 = \frac{k Q_1 Q_2}{(L_0^2 + R^2)}$$

то есть $L_0 = \frac{k Q_1 Q_2}{(L_0^2 + R^2)}$

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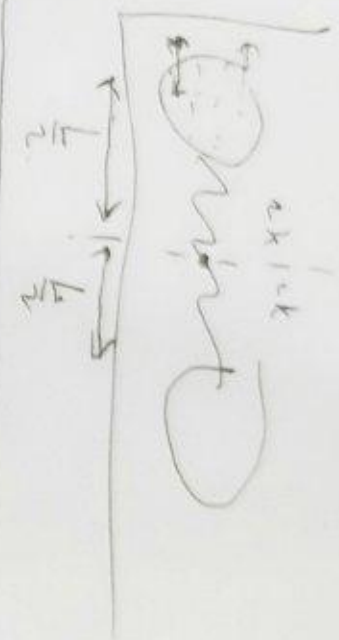
$$u = \sqrt{\frac{2 k Q_1 Q_2}{m} + v_0^2} = 19,07 \text{ м/с} \approx 19,1 \text{ м/с}$$

Ответ: $u = 19,07 \text{ м/с}$
 $u = 19,07 \text{ м/с}$

3m

$$\frac{\Delta P}{\Delta t} = \dots$$

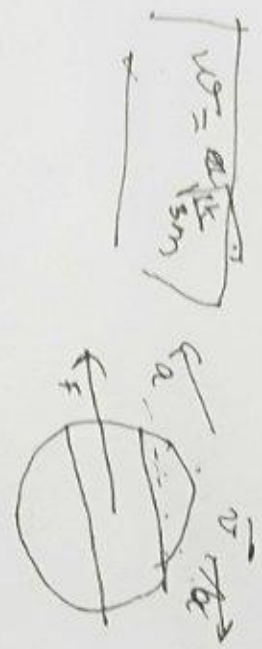
30 gams 25



$$\frac{h \cdot g}{2} = \frac{m \cdot g}{2} + \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{2ma \leq \mu g}{2} \quad \text{from}$$

$$Q_m = W \cdot v_m$$



$$ma \leq \mu g$$

$$X_c = \frac{m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{\Delta t} = \frac{F}{A} \quad W = 2g$$

$$Q_m = W \cdot v_m$$

$$W \cdot 6m \cdot v_m = F \cdot A$$

$$v_c = 3m \cdot v_c \cdot \frac{1}{2} + v_c \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$v_c = v_c \cdot 3m + v_c \cdot 3m$$

$$\frac{v_c}{2} = \frac{v_c}{2}$$

10/10

$$\begin{aligned} 2ma &\leq \mu g & W &= \sqrt{\frac{2g}{3m}} \\ 2m \cdot a &\leq \mu g & a &= \frac{2g}{3m} \\ 2m \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2g}{3m}} &\leq \mu g & v_c &\leq \frac{2g}{3m} \\ v_c &\leq \frac{\mu g \sqrt{3m}}{2m \sqrt{2g}} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \frac{\mu g}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_{beg}: v_c \leq \frac{\mu g \sqrt{3m}}{2m \sqrt{2g}}$$